



Supplement of

Investigations on the significance of a storage facility for high-level radioactive waste for the siting region

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STORAGE AND REGION

Investigations on the impact of a storage facility for high-level radioactive waste for the siting region



Initial Situation

In Germany, spent fuel is stored in twelve facilities at the respective nuclear power plant (NPP) sites and in four other storage facilities. While the NPPs are currently being decommissioned, the storage facilities will remain at the sites for much longer depending on the commissioning of a high-level waste repository.

Storage periods of up to 120 years are currently being discussed.

In this context the project "storage and region" investigated the question of the current and future economic and social impact of the storage facility for the respective siting region.



Storage at Gundremmingen site (WTI concept) © BGZ/Christopher Mick

Research Approach



Storage at the Brokdorf site (STEAG concept) © BGZ/Christopher Mick

The investigations focused on two storage sites with NPPs in decommissioning. The storages in Brokdorf and Gundremmingen were selected on the basis of the two most commonly implemented construction concepts in Germany.

Data for the project was collected through

- guided interviews with actors from politics, business and the critical public
- desk research of relevant literature
- participant observation of various events related to storage.

In addition, the economic, social, and environmental studies carried out in Switzerland as part of the sectoral plan procedure for deep geological repositories were examined with regard to the methods used and transferable results.

Results and Need for Research

Economic situation of the siting region

The economic situation in the example regions was considered to be stable in the short and medium term, even after shutdown of the NPPs. The storage facility itself was not seen as contributing to economic development. However, it was also not seen as an obstacle to future development, which is more likely to be seen in the commercial-industrial sector. The monitoring in Switzerland showed that the siting regions had not experienced any collection took place before the BGE negative development in terms of population growth, employment, or real were announced end of 2022. estate prices.

Perception of safety

The storage facility was perceived as safe by respondents at both sites. However, questions remained, such as why different construction concepts were chosen or how the ageing of the casks and inventory should be addressed in the future. These are questions that are also repeatedly asked at events. Moving the waste to a different, e.g., central storage facility was not an issue. However, most of the data

Procedural design of future licensing processes

For the procedural design of future licensing procedures, the respondents in the sample regions expect extensive public participation. Difficulties in accessing to information, which have occurred in previous licensing processes, should not be repeated. However, it was also discussed that the interest in storage in the region is rather low. An information gap

Evaluation approach

Based on these results, a first evaluation approach was developed to investigate the impact of the spent fuel storage facility for respective region. Descriptive the characteristics were assigned to the three dimensions identified: economy and society, safety perception of and procedural design. The main aspects are listed below. In the final report these were underpinned with indicators and concrete

schedules for the site selection process

(organisation and changes)

Confidence in the operator

Flexibility in future adaptations

repair concepts

social conditions)

Construction concepts and retrofits

Assessment of cask functions and

Concepts for future risks (climate

change, unfavourable political and

identified between the siting was community and the surrounding area, but questions still remain open. also between NGOs and the public.

questions for operationalisation. However,

Relevant aspects of the dimension economy and society

- Migration balance
- Demography
- Future opportunities
- Structural change, especially relocation of the energy industry
- Storage facility as crystallisation point for development
- Relevant aspects of the dimension per-Relevant aspects of the dimension proceception of safety dural design
- Autonomous storage operation Appreciation for taking responsibility
 - Learning from public participation in licensing processes
 - Consideration of challenges and barriers
 - Public information and participation measures
 - Evaluation of response
 - Value of the licensing process (procedural fairness)

Need for research

- Measures to support structural development
- Impact of updated timeline of site selection process on perceptions of safety
- Preparatory measures for public participation in the relicensing process
- Size of the siting region

Reference

Neles, J., Krob, Dr. F., Mbah, Dr. M.: Zwischenlager und Region - Entwicklung eines methodischen Bewertungsansatzes zur Analyse der Einflussfaktoren und der Bedeutung eines Zwischenlagers für abgebrannte Brennelemente für eine Region

Weiterentwicklung des Standes von Wissenschaft und Technik bei der Sicherheit der Behandlung bestrahlter Brennelemente, Wärme entwickelnder radioaktiver Abfälle und radioaktiver Abfälle mit vernachlässigbarer Wärmeentwicklung, 2023

"Es sind so viele Teilinformationen, die nur die Fachebene oder die Enthusiasten durchschauen"

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There are so many pieces of information that only the technical level or enthusiasts can see through]

Quote from an interview partner