



Supplement of

Experimental investigations with neutron radiography of hydrogen effects by elastic stresses on cladding tubes under conditions similar to interim dry storage

Sarah Weick et al.

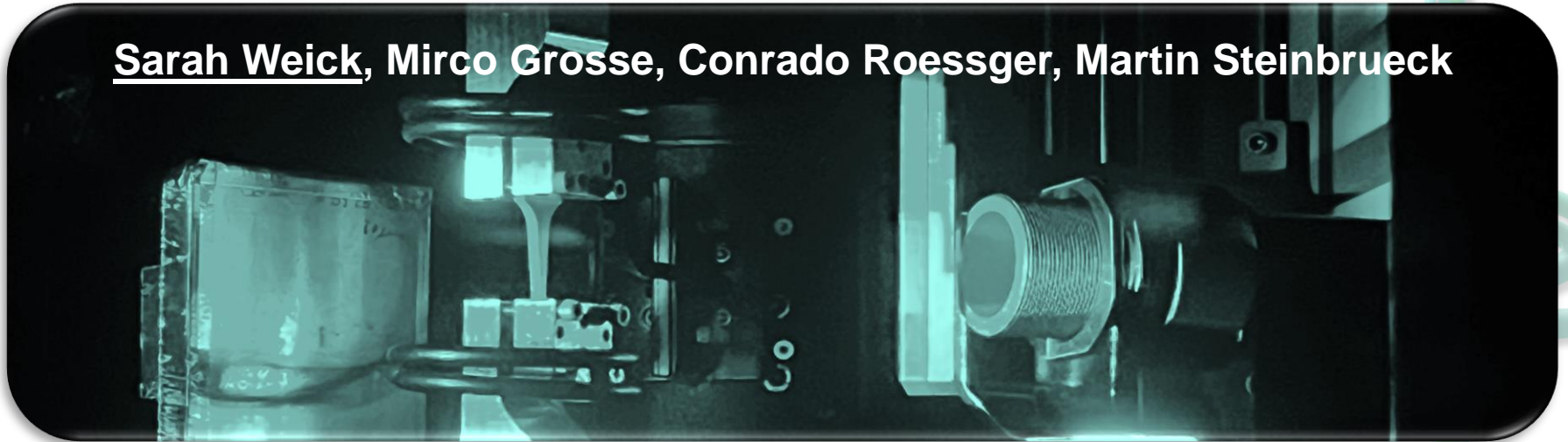
Correspondence to: Sarah Weick (sarah.weick@kit.edu)

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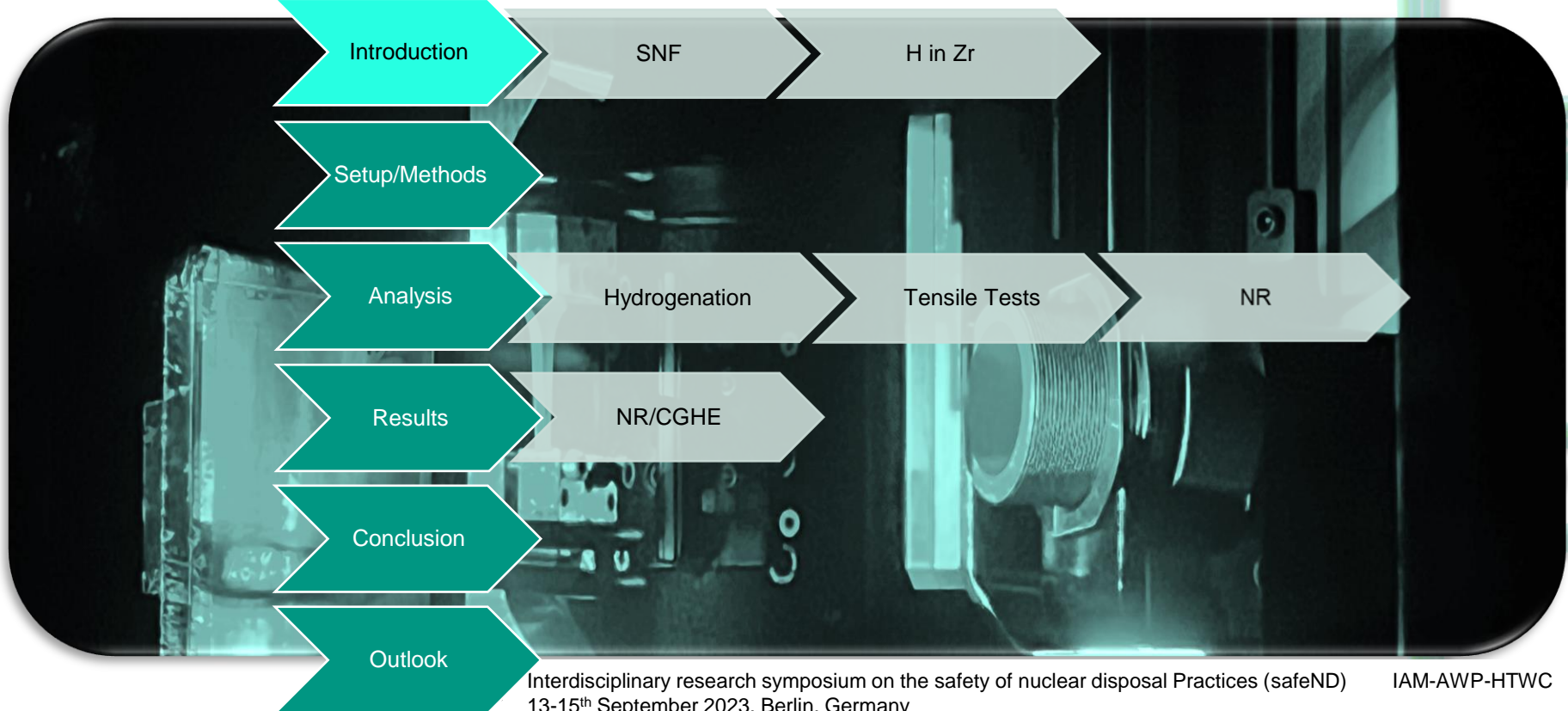


Experimental investigations with neutron radiography of hydrogen effects by elastic stresses on cladding tubes under conditions similar to interim dry storage

Sarah Weick, Mirco Grosse, Conrado Roessger, Martin Steinbrueck



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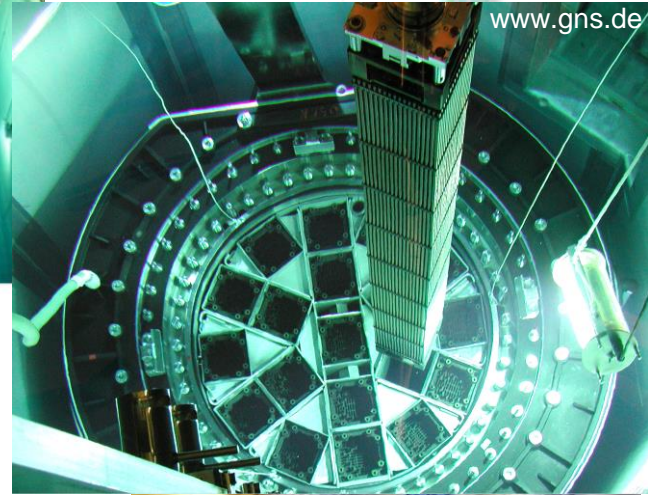
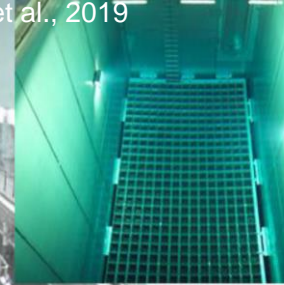


Introduction – Spent Nuclear Fuel

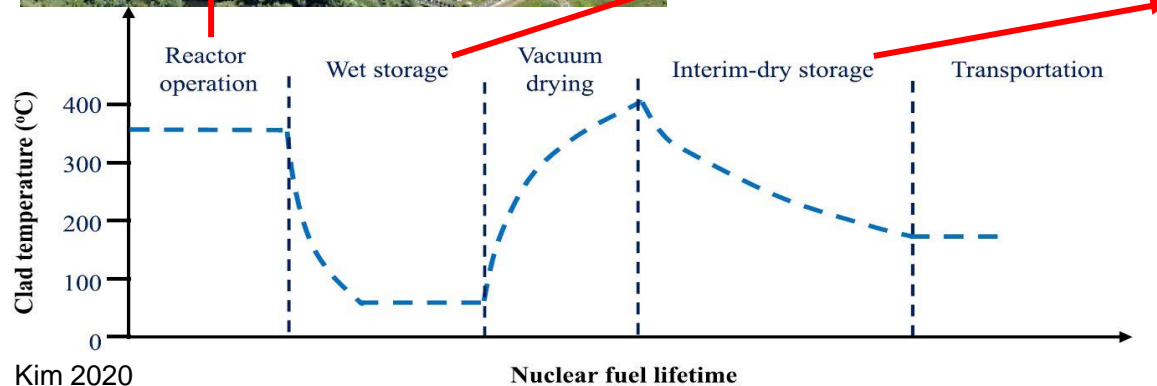
@ EnBW Kernkraft GmbH

Govers et al., 2019

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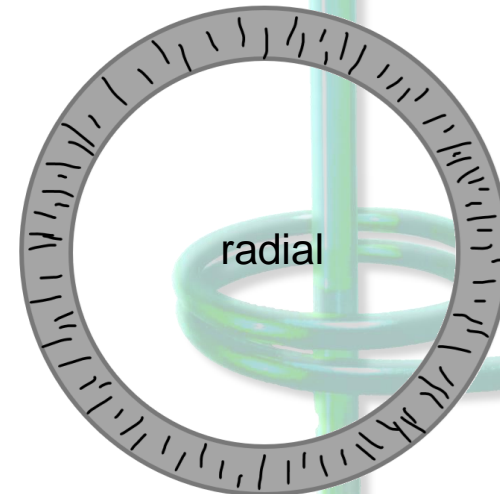
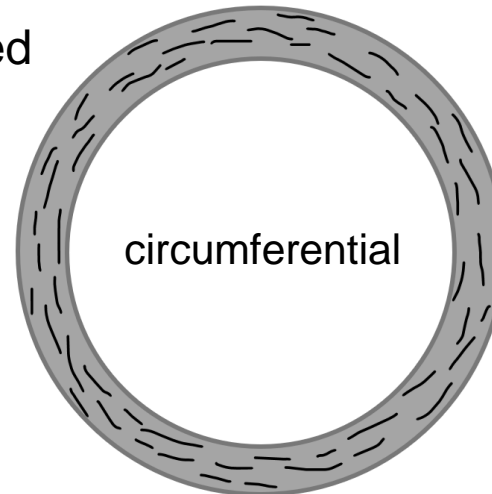
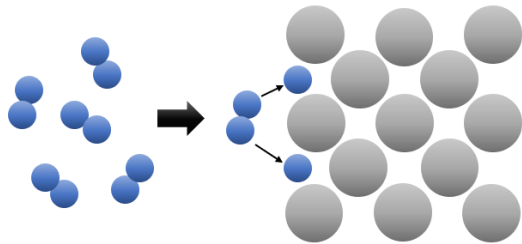
Introduction – Hydrogen embrittlement

■ H in cladding tubes

- H uptake favoured by foreign atoms, alloying elements & textures
- Mechanical strain & chemical activity → influence H diffusion

■ Zr Hydrides

- Circumferential or radially orientated
- Reduce strength & ductility
- Delayed hydride cracking (DHC)

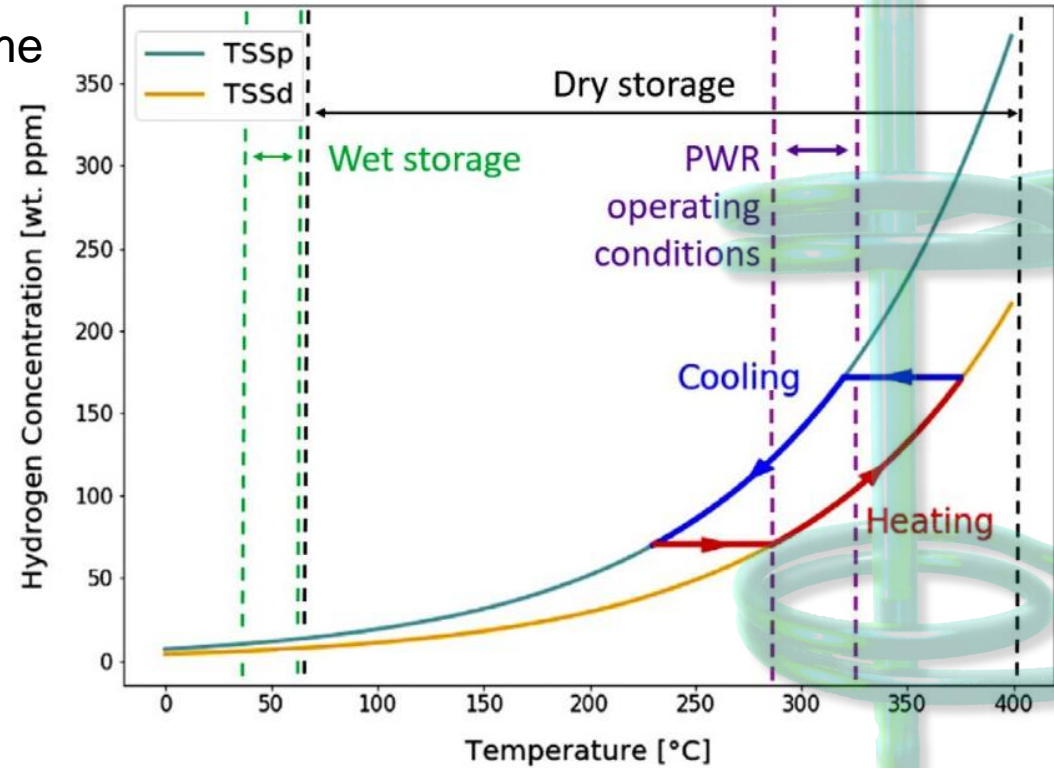


Introduction – H solubility

- H dissolution-precipitation scheme with modelled **TSS** (terminal solid solubility)

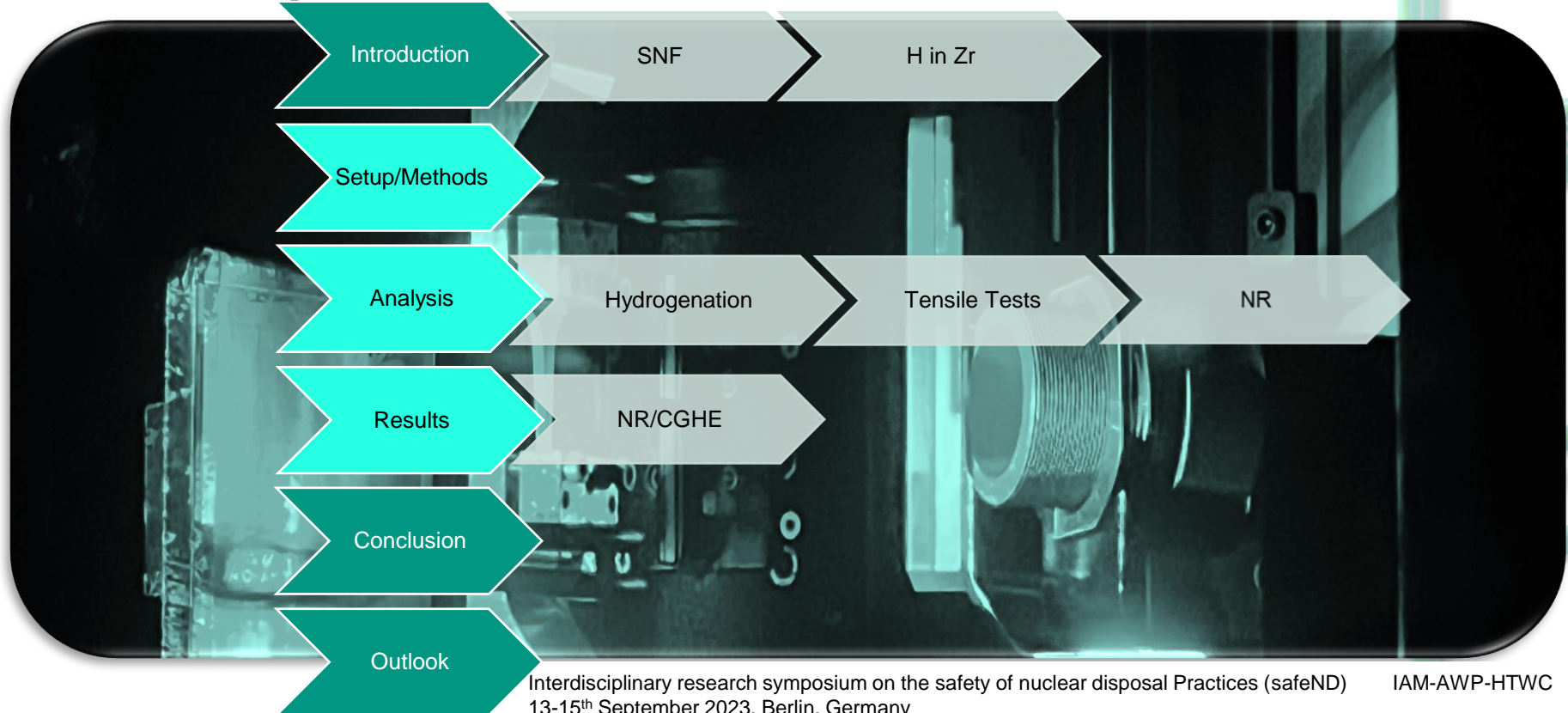
→ **TSSp**: precipitation terminal solubility limit

→ **TSSd**: dissolution terminal solubility limit



Kaufholz et al.2018, modified from Konarski 2021

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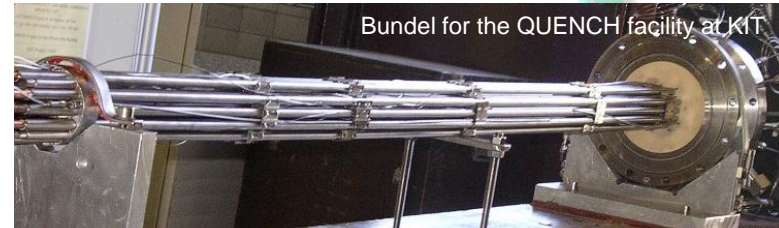
Experimental Setups

Single Effect Experiments

- Samples: cm - range
- Influences of texture, grain size & elastic strain
- Diffusion coefficients H

QUENCH Bundle Test

- Samples: m - range
- Interim storage conditions (100-400°C; 70/96 MPa, 100/300 wt.ppm H)
- Long-term 250 d

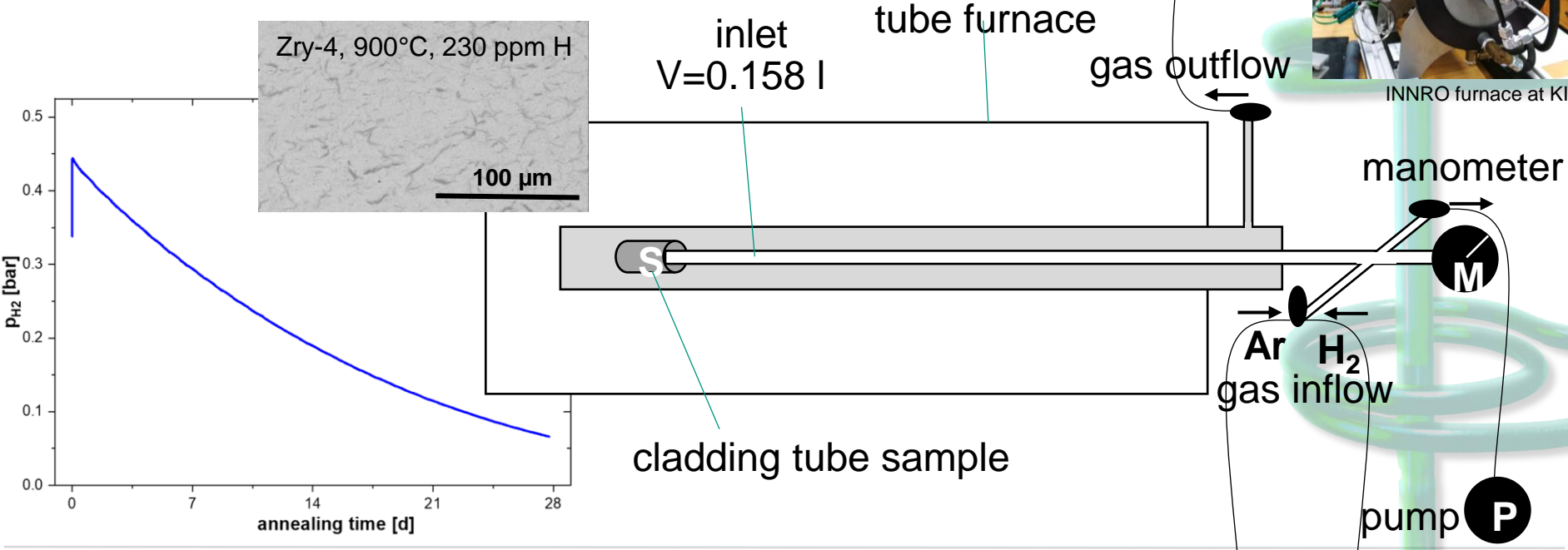
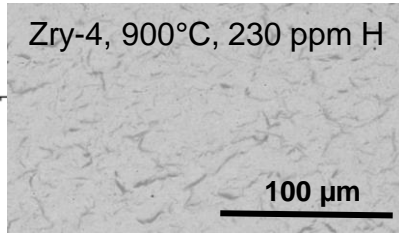


alloy	Sn [wt.%]	Fe [wt.%]	Cr [wt.%]	Nb [wt.%]	O [wt.%]
Zry-4, D4	1.3	0.2	0.1	-	0.13
Dx	0.5	0.5	0.2	-	0.14
Zirlo	0.9	0.1	-	0.9	-

Methods - Hydrogenation



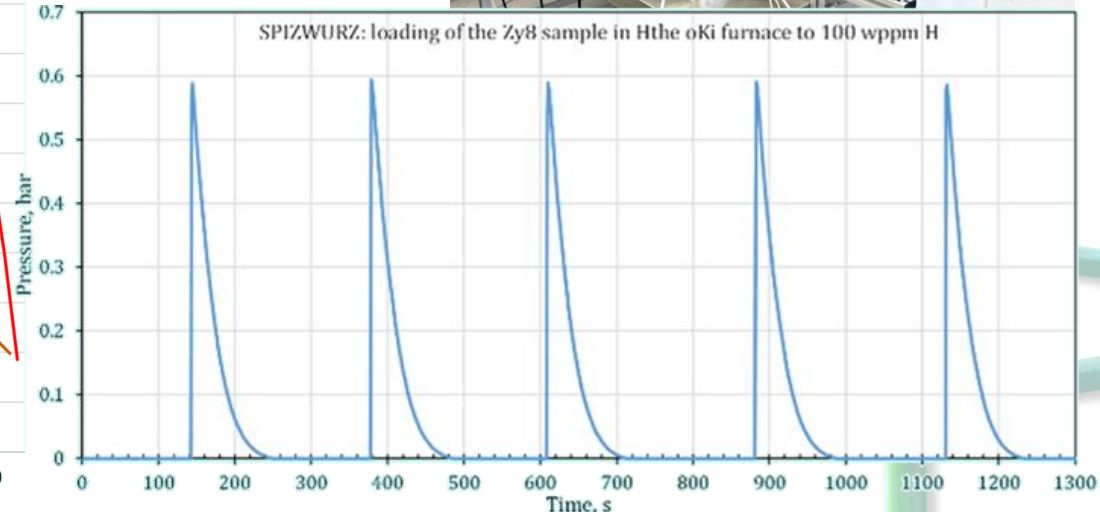
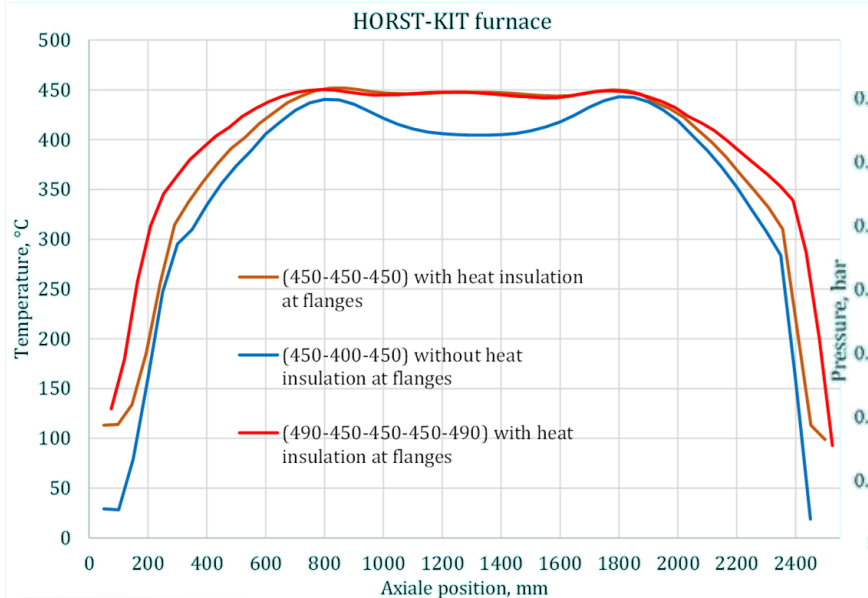
- Annealing from gas phase with SICHA
- **SICHA** = **S**ieverts **C**hamber for Hydrogen **A**bsorption



Methods - Hydrogenation

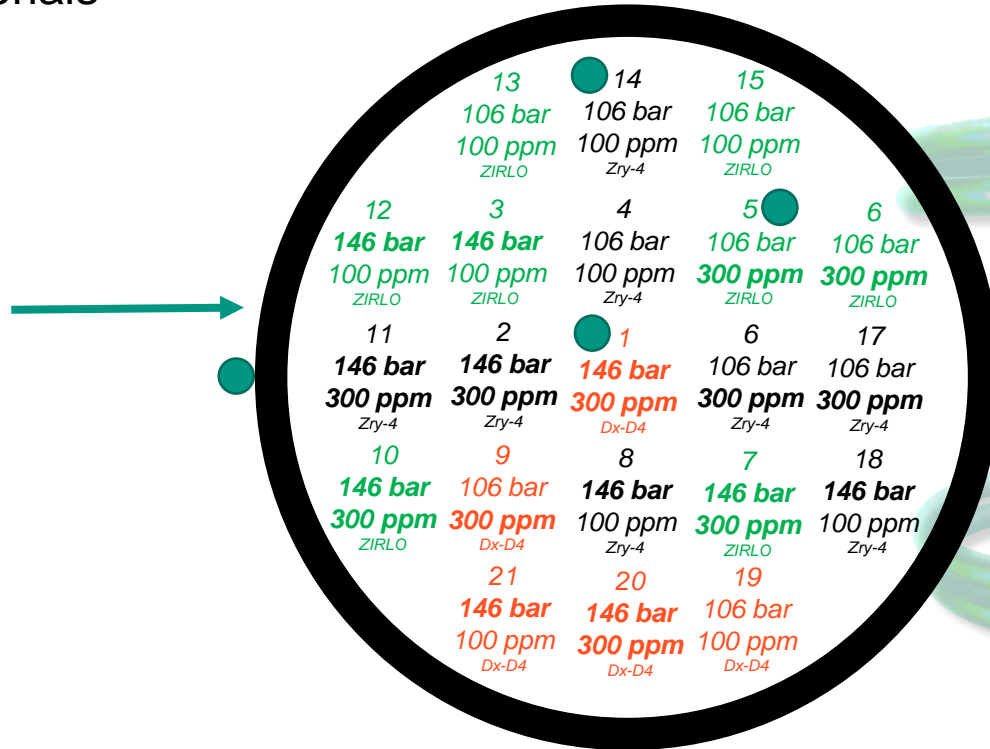
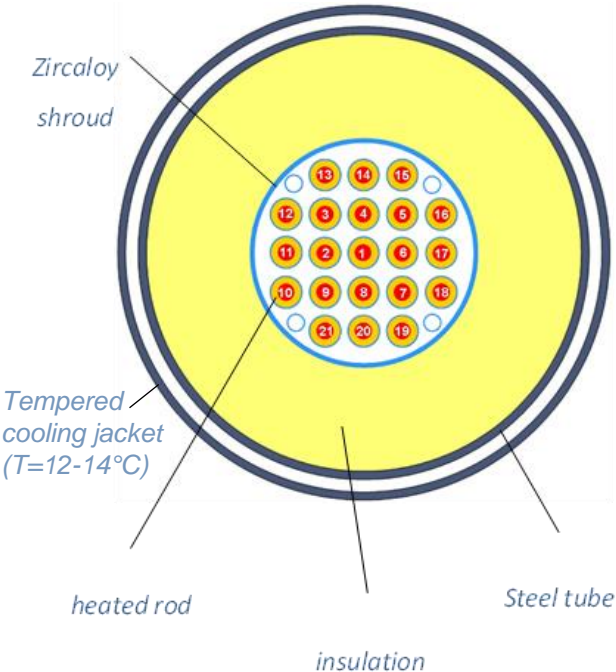
- 21 hydrided (100 & 300 wt.ppm) fuel rod simulators ($l = 2.5$ m)

HoKi furnace at KIT



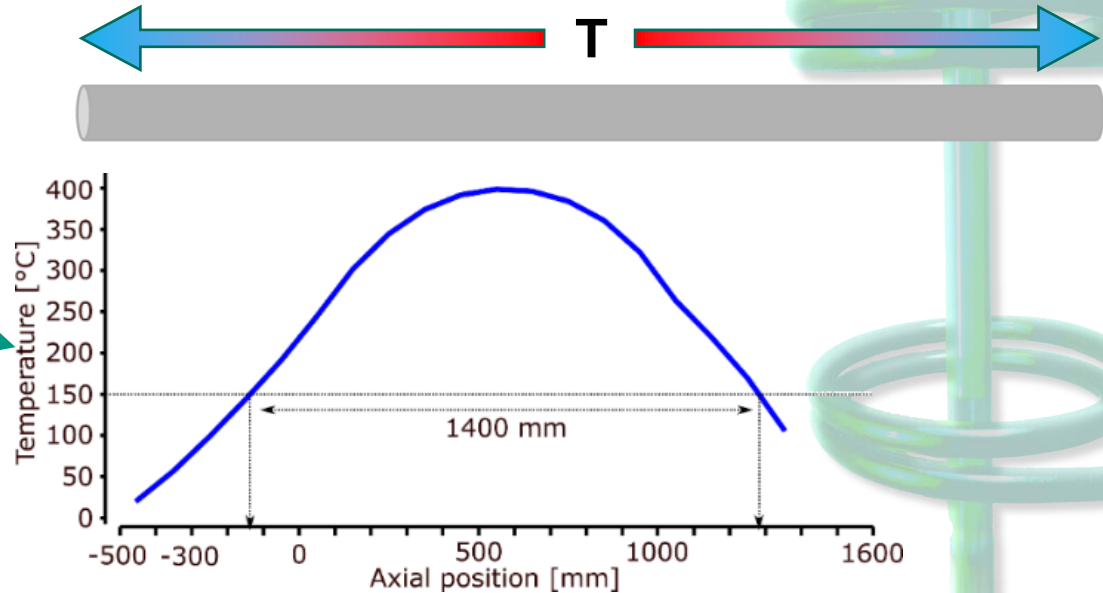
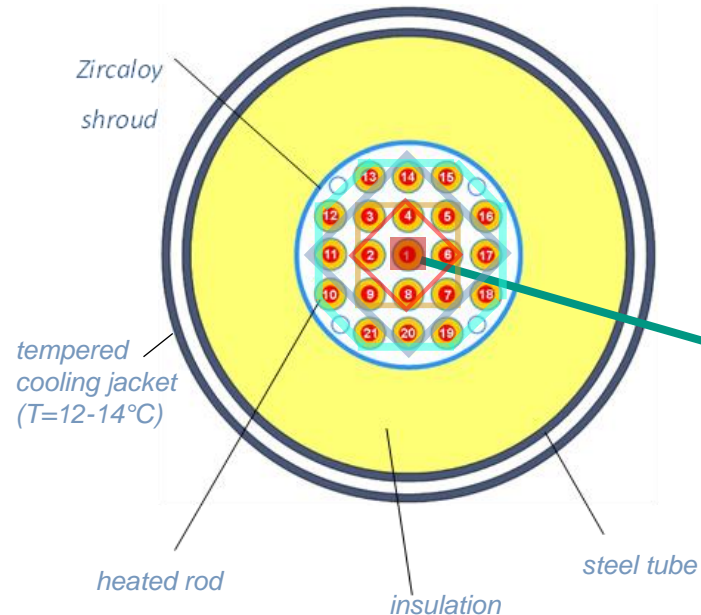
Methods – Dry Storage Simulation

- 3 different cladding materials
- 2 different pressures

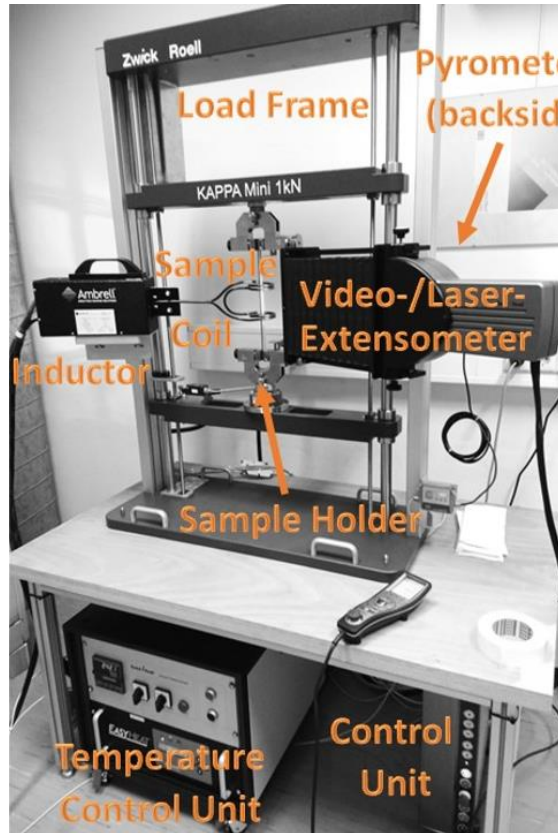


Methods – Dry Storage Simulation

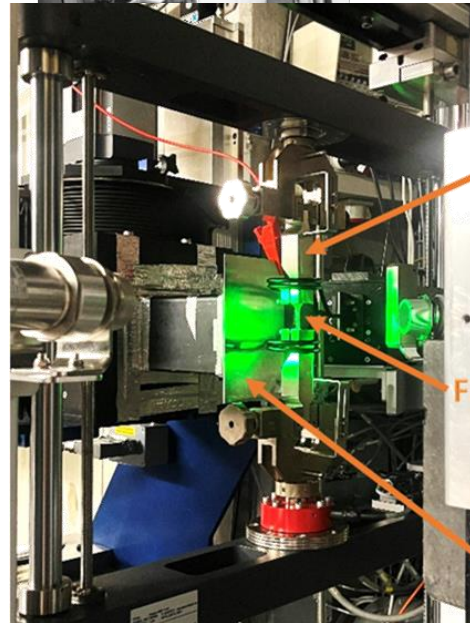
- Start-T: 400 °C (rod centre) - 100 °C (rod ends)
- Slow cooling: 7 K/w for 250 d
- Strain influences: thermal > plastic > cladding creep > elastic



Methods – Tensile Tests



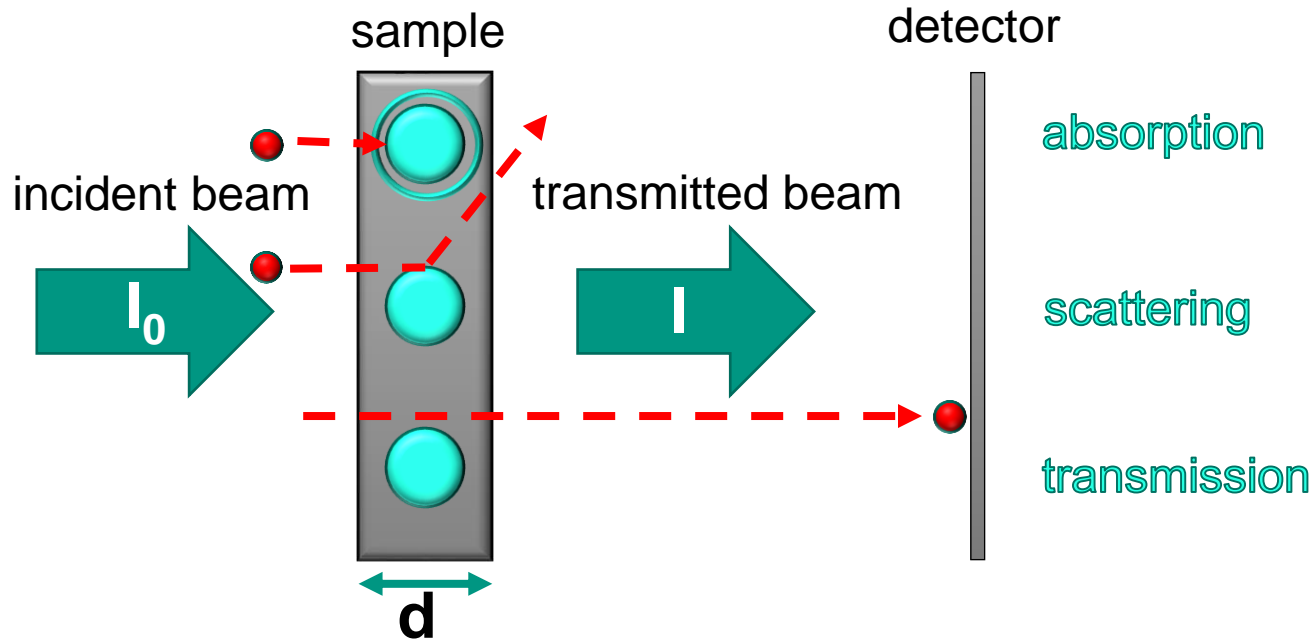
INCHAMEL = In-situ Neutron radiography CHamber with MEchanical Load



- Tensile tests
- Inductive heating
- Contactless strain & temperature measurements
- Transportabel -> external neutron beamlines
- Iron free components; no long-term neutron activation

Analysis – Neutron Radiography

NR = Neutron Radiography



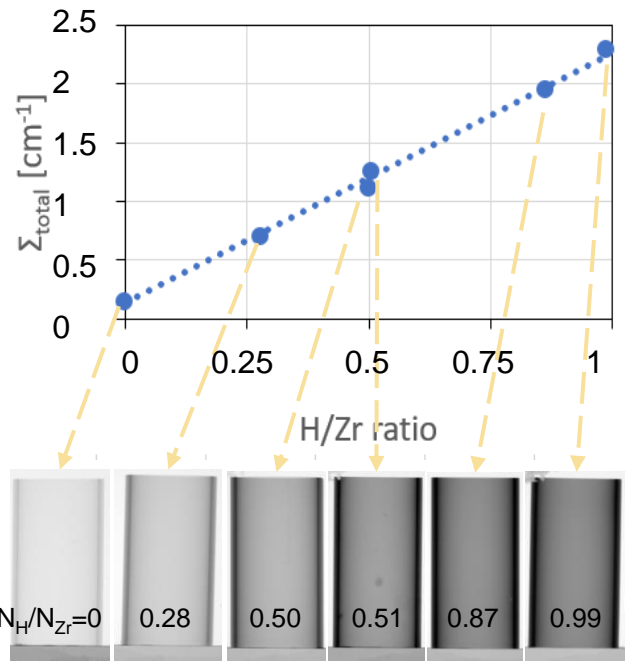
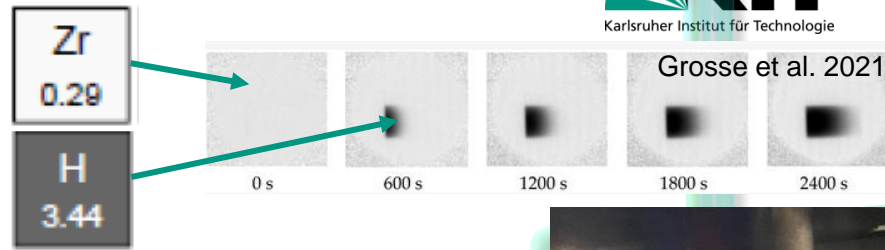
$$I = I_0 e^{-\sigma N d}$$

$$\Sigma = \sigma N$$

- I: intensity
- T: transmission
- σ : microscopic neutron cross section
- N: number density
- d: sample thickness
- Σ : macroscopic neutron cross section/
neutron attenuation coefficient

Analysis – Neutron Radiography

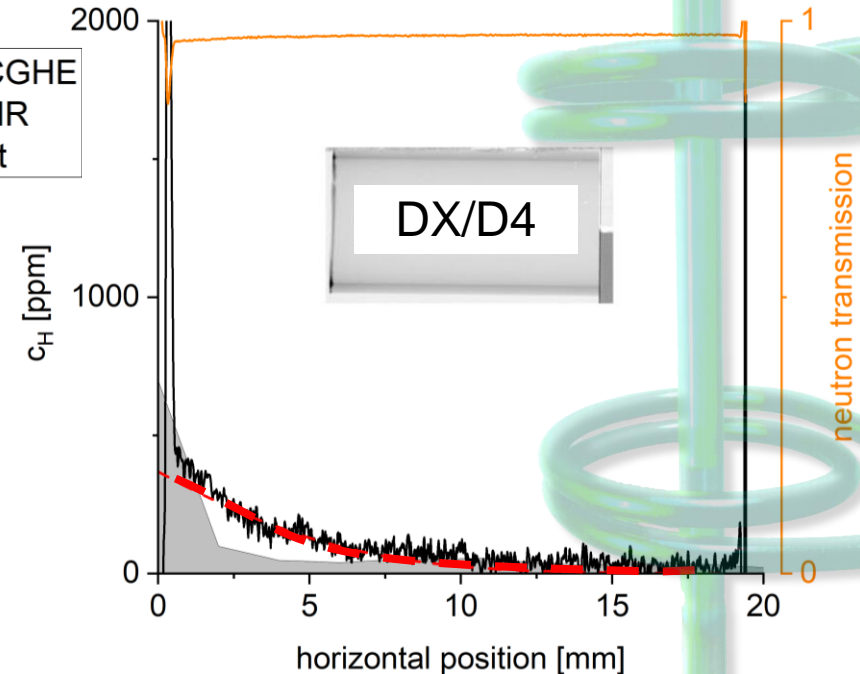
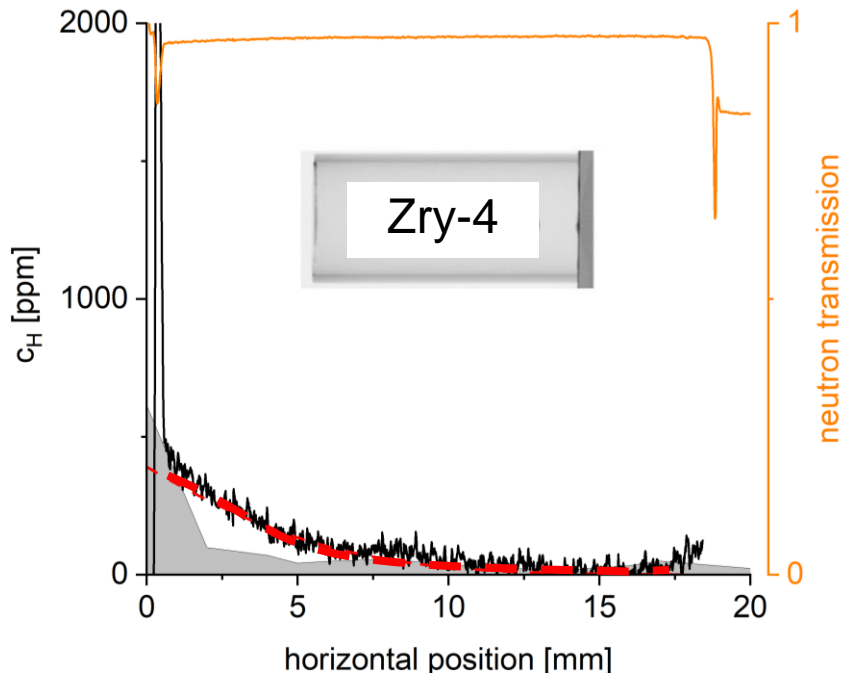
$$T = \frac{I}{I_0}$$



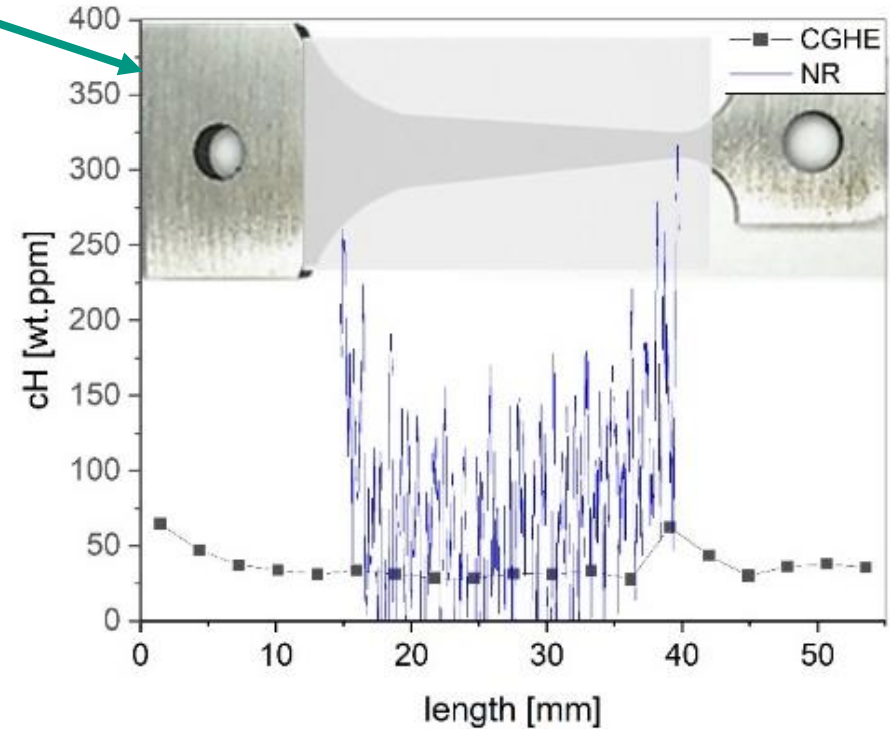
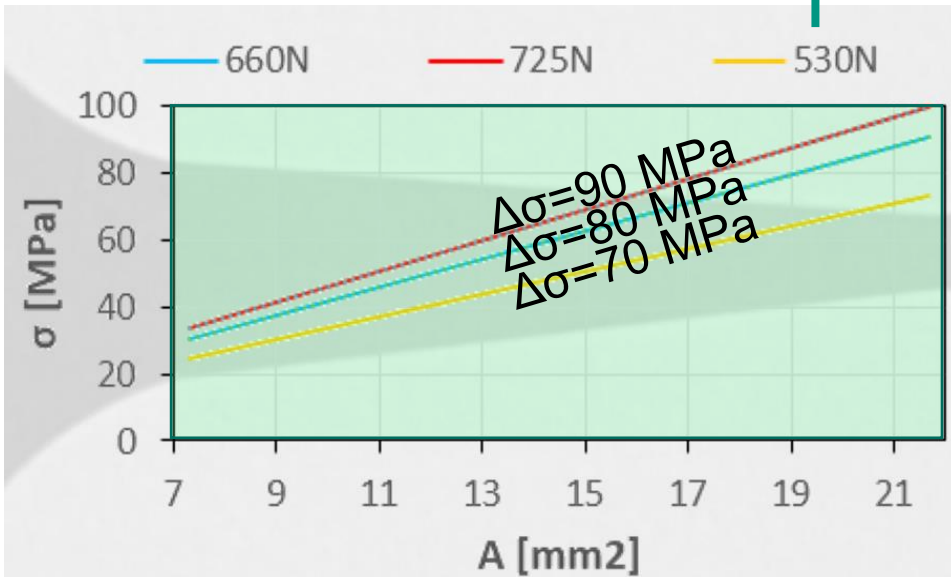
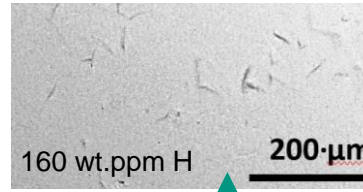
Results – Diffusion coefficients

■ ZrH₂ powder, Ar, 400°C, 3h

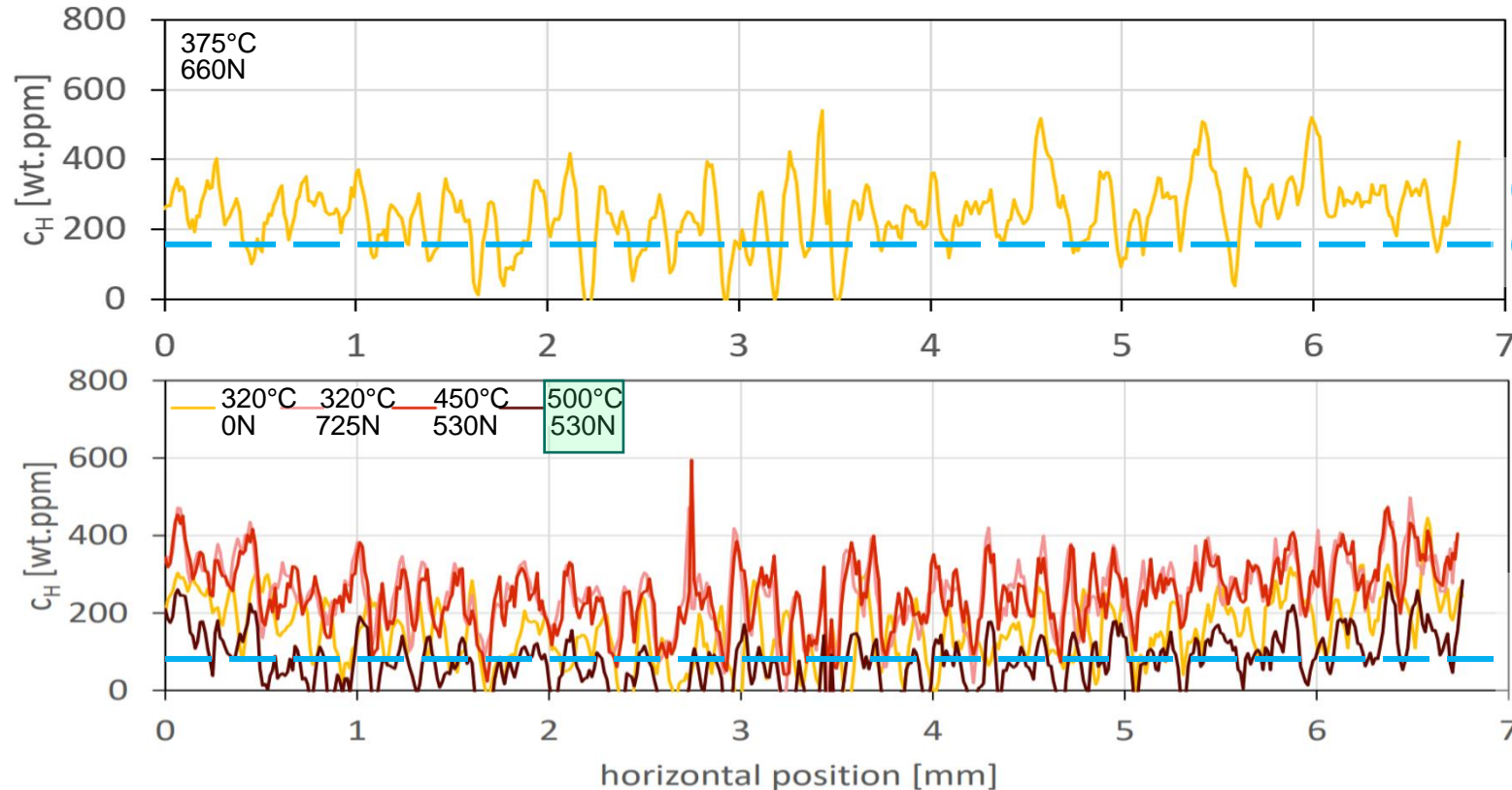
$$c(x, t) = c_0 \left(1 - \operatorname{erf} \left(\frac{x}{2\sqrt{Dt}} \right) \right) + c_i$$



Results – Tensile Tests



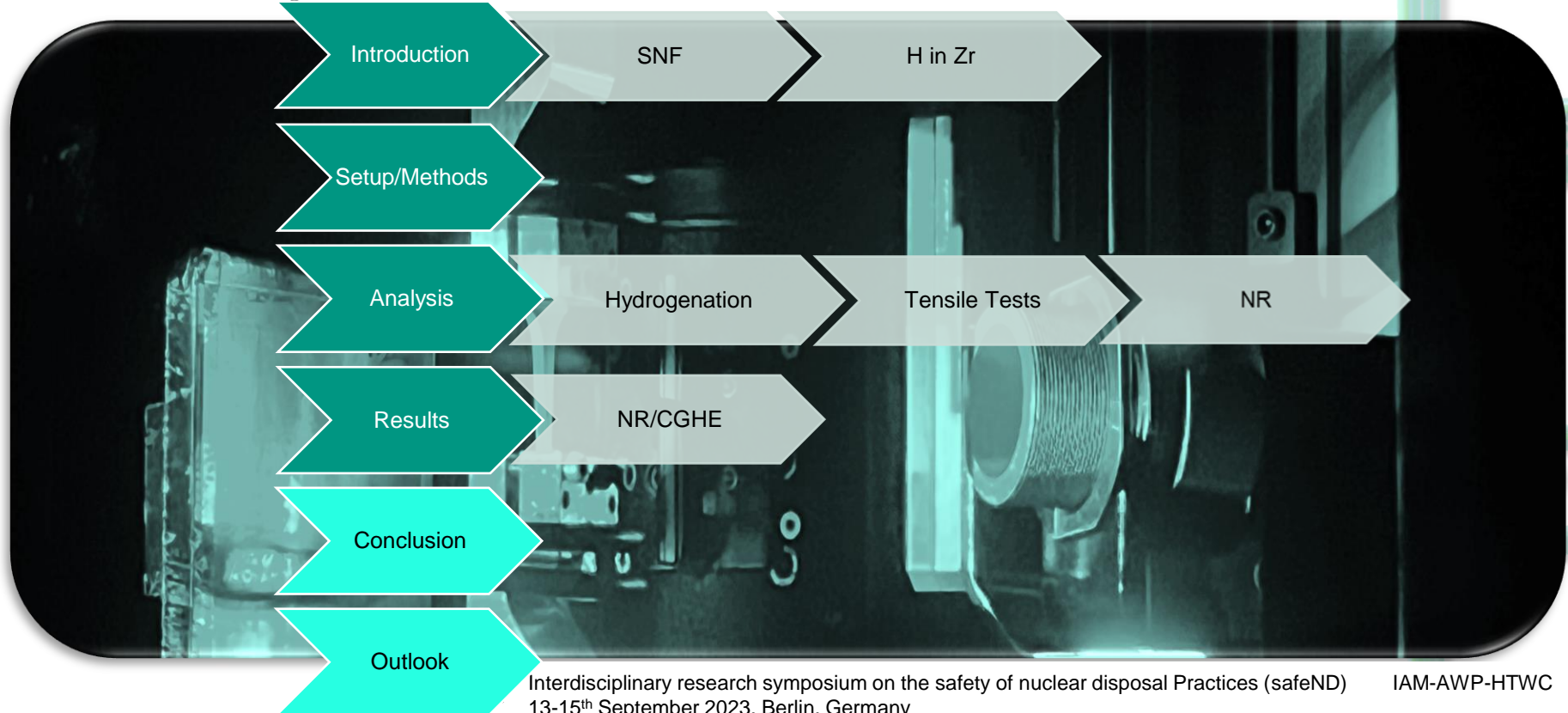
Results – Tensile Tests



CGHE:
 $c_H = 160$ wt.ppm

CGHE:
 $c_H = 80$ wt.ppm

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Conclusion



- How to determine hydrogen effects by elastic stresses on cladding tubes under conditions similar to interim dry storage?
 - With single effect experiments in combination with a tensile testing machine observed by NR (ex-/in-situ)
 - With a long-term experiment imitating the slow cooling process and dry storage relevant p-T-conditions
 - With modelling
 - With SNF samples (pellet-cladding interactions)

Outlook



■ Single Effect Experiments

- NR ex-situ with the INCHAMEL facility for investigations of the stress influence on H diffusion and solubility in Zr for longer time scales (weeks)
- NR in-situ with the INCHAMEL facility for investigations of local stress induced hydrogen dissolution and precipitation processes

■ QUENCH bundle test

- NR ex-situ investigations of the simulation rods under the various p-T-conditions at the end of the test
- metallographic investigations of the hydride precipitation direction (stress influenced) at the end of the test



Acknowledgements

- the SPIZWURZ project (FKZ 1501609B) is funded by the Federal Ministry for the Environment, Nature Conservation, Nuclear Safety and Consumer Protection (BMUV)
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- chemical analysis group of Thomas Bergfeldt (IAM-AWP)
- QUENCH team & colleagues at KIT

Thank you!